

DIX CAN'T ASSURE MURPHY

THAT INSURGENTS WILL GO INTO THE NEW CAUCUS.

Condition Murphy insists on is that all shall be bound by the results of the caucus. He continues Dix expects to say something sharp—Kings' Confers.

Gov. Dix and Charles F. Murphy had a conference yesterday afternoon at the Waldorf-Astoria on the United States Senatorship situation. It was apparent that Gov. Dix could give no assurances that Senator Roosevelt and his twenty followers who bolted the joint caucus for the nomination of a United States Senator on January 16 will reenter the caucus on May 15 night, though they participated in the conference of the Democratic legislators which adopted the resolution of the majority by which the Senatorship caucus has been reconvened. The attitude of Charles F. Murphy in his talk with Gov. Dix, it was stated, was as follows:

"The majority are willing to go into another caucus to select a candidate for United States Senator and they are more than willing to caucus with the minority. But they make this stipulation, the minority must be bound by the vote of the majority in caucus."

"The majority is willing to have a dozen or more candidates put in nomination if necessary. The majority is willing to sit all night to hear these candidates thrashed out. And if a man is selected the majority expects the whole caucus to endorse him."

Mr. Murphy referred to Gov. Dix all inquiries about the conference. Mr. Dix was not so open in his talks on the situation as he usually has been on his visits to this city. He did allow himself to say, however, that he thought the deadlock would be broken some time this week. It is his opinion, or rather his hope, that most of the insurgents will go into the caucus which is to be held to-morrow night in Albany and he hopes further that it will be possible to select a candidate in the caucus who will be acceptable to all factions, and that this understanding will be reached before the Congress meets on April 4.

If after the caucus in Albany to-morrow night indications should be shown that the deadlock is likely to continue the Governor will change the noncommittal attitude he has heretofore stuck to and will issue a statement condemning the delay in emphatic language and pointing out the bad effects it is having on legislation this year and the weakening effects it will have on the Democratic campaign in this State next year.

Gov. Dix is not in favor of or against personally any of the men who have been mentioned for the Senate in the event of the withdrawal or turning down of Mr. Sheehan, but it is his opinion that a choice from such a list as Morgan J. O'Brien, John D. Kernan, Martin H. Glynn, Herman Ridder, Justices Gerard and Dowling and possibly Daniel F. Cohan would mean the bringing about of unity between the regulars and the insurgents.

Senator Roosevelt and his friends have publicly stated that they will make no declaration of their course until "25 on Monday evening." The new joint caucus is called for 9:30. That half a dozen or perhaps more of the Democratic legislators who have been voting against William F. Sheehan since January 19 will enter the new caucus on Monday night. Gov. Dix and Mr. Murphy felt certain. But further than that there were no assurances of any kind, it was stated.

After Gov. Dix and Mr. Murphy had their talk the old report which has been circulated in Albany and New York city and elsewhere in the State for a month or more, to the effect that Gov. Dix is to be selected as the candidate for the Senate in the event of the withdrawal of Mr. Sheehan, came to the front again. The election of Gov. Dix to the Senatorship would make Mr. Conway Governor of the State, and the Democratic organization, as represented by the Legislature, has been very strongly opposed to such a programme.

With two or three exceptions the twenty-five Democratic legislators from Brooklyn exchanged views on the Senatorship situation at the party headquarters in the Thomas Jefferson Building yesterday while John H. McCreedy, leader of the county organization, was present. The conference was entirely informal, although the Senators and Assemblymen had been called together by Mr. McCreedy to consider what attitude should be taken by them in view of the new caucus. The discussion showed that the Brooklyn delegation is badly split, and that the choice of a candidate, some favoring Congressman Fitzgerald and others former Justice Augustus Van Wyck and former Mayor Daniel H. R. McCreedy, will be a matter of some importance.

Gov. Dix and Mr. Murphy did not care to speak specifically of their talk yesterday afternoon. It was apparent, though, that quite a number of the Democratic legislators from New York county desired to present the name of Daniel F. Cohan, while others spoke up for Supreme Court Justice James W. Gerard, Isador Straus, Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Leahy of Westchester and half a dozen others. There were a number of United States Democratic legislators in town and they spoke up for William F. Sheehan.

Only Eight Votes Cast for U. S. Senator

ALBANY, March 25.—Today's vote for United States Senator was the fifty-eighth ballot. Assemblyman Bush of Chemung, who was Speaker of the Assembly about nineteen years ago, for the first time since then occupied the throne of Speaker Frisbie.

Senator William F. Sheehan, of Catskill took the Lieutenant-Governor's place. There were only eight votes cast. Mr. Sheehan got three votes, and Dewey, Tarrington, Hopper, Carlisle and Kepner each one.

Speaker Daniel D. Frisbie to-night wired all of the regular Democratic Assemblymen to be sure and be on hand Monday night.

Standard Oil Works Burned.

OLEANS, N. Y., March 25.—The Vacuum Oil Works of the Standard Oil Company in this city was destroyed by fire last night, involving a loss of \$200,000. There was a fire in the plant several days ago and several employees were severely injured.

CANT REMEMBER POPPING.

Young Dady Asks Lady He Didn't Marry to Please Specify How and Where.

Harold Dady, son of Michael J. Dady, the Brooklyn Republican leader and contractor, asked Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum yesterday to order a bill of particulars in suit for \$100,000 damages for breach of promise brought against young Dady by Rose Deutsch, a dancer, who is one of the team known as the Dolly Sisters playing in "The Echo."

The actress met Dady in 1908 when she was playing a vaudeville engagement in Havana, at which time Dady was there superintending dredging operations in Havana harbor for his father. She was 17 years old at the time, she says, and after sending her flowers and candy he proposed marriage six times within two weeks. When she left Cuba she said it was agreed they were to be married the following year when Dady had finished his work in Havana.

After she reached Havana, the plaintiff alleges, he wrote her affectionate letters and called her "Fair Rose." "Sweet Rose," "Miss Deutsch," and "Miss Dady." Miss Deutsch said that the first intimation she had that her lover was unfaithful was when she read in a newspaper in December, 1909, that he had married Miss Deibel, a member of the "Parisian Widows" company. She thought there was some mistake and told Dady on the telephone and asked him about it.

"He admitted he was married," says Miss Deutsch, "but he told me he was sorry and said he didn't know why he had married her."

On his motion for a bill of particulars Dady said he couldn't remember making any promises to Miss Deutsch and asked the court to compel her to say whether the promises were written or oral and where they were made. The court reserved decision.

HALT FOR A SCRAP.

Car Conductor and Passenger Try It Out Until Cop Butts In.

Just as a Bayonne trolley car bowed across the Morris Canal bridge at the line between Jersey City and Bayonne yesterday afternoon the conductor got into a dispute with a chunky young man over the payment of a fare. Their words and tempers warmed up and finally the young man said to the conductor:

"If you wasn't on this car I'd knock your block off."

"I'll get off and accommodate you if you're looking for a scrap," replied the conductor and he yanked the bellcord. The car halted at Avenue C and Fifth street. The conductor took off his coat and cap and threw them across the box in which the passengers drop their fares. He sprang to the ground and the chunky passenger followed, shedding his coat and cap. For five minutes the two had a rattling fist fight. The men in the car jumped out of the windows. The scrapper was pretty good on each landed punch, and both were soon bleeding from the nose and mouth.

Policeman Joseph Kelly saw the rumpus and ran up to it. Although it didn't go to the ground, the two men were so tired that the conductor came out second best. He got aboard his car, put on his cap and coat, wiped the blood from his face and asked the chunky young man who was standing on the tracks if he was going any further.

"No, this is where I get off," he said.

REVENUE TROOP RESCUED.

Saved a Young Woman Suffering With Appendicitis at Vineyard Haven.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Capt. C. B. Johnston of the revenue cutter *Acushnet*, stationed at Woods Hole, Mass., reports the rescue by his vessel of a young woman who was suffering from an acute attack of appendicitis.

"Miss Kennedy of Vineyard Haven" is as far as the Captain goes in his official report by way of identifying the sufferer. He says that on March 22 Miss Kennedy was taken with a violent attack of appendicitis at her home on the island, about twelve miles from the mainland. Miss Kennedy's mother was in Boston and was informed by her daughter's condition by telephone. She immediately engaged a fast automobile and with two surgeons dashed for Woods Hole, arriving there at 5 o'clock in the morning.

The Captain made a formal report to the Treasury Department here. In his report the words "rescued out of the 'rescue blank' and 'Miss Kennedy' substituted."

The saving of Miss Kennedy, however, isn't the only feat the Captain accomplished. He also rescued a young man who was back to the mainland with the Boston doctor he sighted the sea-going tug *Richmond* in distress and proceeded to rescue her.

BOYS' SCHOOL BURNS.

Rock Ridge Hall Nearly Destroyed Despite Efforts of Pupils.

BOSTON, March 25.—Rock Ridge Hall, a well known boys' preparatory school in Westbury Hills, was nearly destroyed by fire this morning and many pupils lost their personal effects.

Starting in the roof from a defective chimney, the fire gained considerable headway before it was discovered, flaring out on the roof fifteen students attempted to fight the flames with the hose of the school fire hose. Owing to the poor water pressure the efforts were

APPRAISER WANMAKER OUT

GIVES HIS PERSONAL WELFARE AS REASON FOR RESIGNING.

Secretary MacVeagh Had Had the Department Under Investigation Since a Year Ago—Undervaluation Cases That Have Come Up in His Term.

George W. Wanmaker, Appraiser of the Port of New York, has resigned. Herbert Parsons, who was instrumental in having Mr. Wanmaker appointed, took his resignation to President Taft on Friday night, the resignation to take effect at the discretion of the President.

Mr. Wanmaker denied yesterday that there was any political significance in his resignation. When his name was proposed for the office there was considerable opposition manifested because of his connection with politics. He has been for many years a Republican leader of the Fifteenth district. Since his incumbency of the office there have been many disclosures of undervaluations of dutiable goods, notably the case of Duveen Bros. the art firm. Mr. Wanmaker issued the following statement:

On February 20 last I completed three years of service as appraiser of merchandise at the port of New York, having been appointed to that office by President Roosevelt. I entered the service of the Treasury Department on August 17, 1907, as assistant appraiser of the first division under appointment by President McKinley, and together with the other appraisers held by me under the administration of three appraisers I have been in continuous service to this date. Having thus held office under the Federal Government for nearly fourteen years continuously it seems only proper that I should retire in order to devote my attention to certain private interests.

The business of the appraiser's department is now operating upon a satisfactory basis and the relation with official associates in the office, as well as with the coordinate customs officials at this port, are of the friendliest character. I feel that this is a good time for me to retire, and this step is taken after careful consideration of my personal welfare from every viewpoint.

It is very gratifying in severing my connection with customs affairs to feel that I am leaving behind many warm personal and official friends, to whom I take this public opportunity of tendering my earnest appreciation of their loyal, energetic and intelligent support, without which it would have been impossible for my administration as appraiser and as appraiser to have been successful.

Early last spring four investigators from the office of Special Treasury Agent Cummings in the customs service were appointed by Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, to look into the department of Appraiser Wanmaker. The object of the investigation was to see if there was a method of more economical administration and to increase the efficiency of the appraiser's force. The investigation lasted nearly four months, and seven months ago the investigators, Messrs. Burton, Parker, Armstrong and McCullum, turned in their report to Secretary MacVeagh. The report never has been made public.

Secretary MacVeagh was here about a week ago in consultation with Collector Loeb, and it is said that before the Secretary returned to Washington he was heard to remark that he would have Wanmaker out by May.

Samuel Krulwich, a deputy appraiser, who was transferred from the upper East Side, resigned not long ago and the Treasury Department did not appoint a successor. Friends of Mr. Wanmaker say that this and the fact that his department lacked men and the Government refused to appoint additional employees put more work on him than he thought he could stand and that this was another reason for his resignation. In all his disagreements with the Administration, his friends say, he had the support of the organization, State and city.

CAN OPEN 134TH STREET.

Appellate Division Says New York Central Can't Block It.

A ruling by Thomas F. Donnelly as referee, and later confirmed by Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman, that the city of New York may open 134th street, which West 134th street across the New York Central tracks to the Hudson River because the railroad owns the land was reversed yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which holds that the ruling was erroneous.

When the city moved to extend the street from Riverside Drive across Twelfth avenue to the river the railroad company asked that the petition be dismissed and contended that the street must stop at the easterly line of the railroad tracks. The referee found that the city had acquired no legal right to the land in question.

Justice Scott, writing the Appellate Division decision, says that the land occupied by the railroad company lies between the city and the Hudson River, and that under the Dongan charter the city owns all the land between high and low water mark, thus making the city owner of all the land of high water mark. In 1847 the city gave the Hudson River Railroad Company permission to build double tracks along the river, and the city conveyed no title or right other than to use the land for railroad purposes.

The court holds that the city still has the right to use part of the land thus conveyed for street purposes, since such use does not interfere with the railroad's use of the land and that the city may acquire the necessary title.

IN HONOR OF MR. SWANSTROM.

Residents of Brooklyn Pay Tribute to Late Borough President.

A memorial meeting in honor of the late Borough President John H. Swanstrom was held yesterday afternoon in the Appellate Division court room in Brooklyn. Many women attended.

Porough President Steers called the meeting to order, and after announcing the selection of Mayor Gaynor as honorary president he introduced former Mayor Seth Low as chairman. Mr. Low expressed his pleasure at having an opportunity to testify to his love, admiration and respect for Mr. Swanstrom.

Decision in Telegraph Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—The Court of Appeals in California has rendered a decision sustaining the right of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company to condemn a right of way on the Southern Pacific Railroad and has denied the application of the Western Union Telegraph Company for a writ of prohibition against such condemnation. The probably will terminate the litigation, which has been so strenuously contested and has been going on for two or three years past.

JEWS DRIVEN FROM RUSSIA.

Conditions in the Empire Worse Than Ever—Hard to House Them in U. S.

Berlin, March 25.—The annual report of the Central Jewish Relief League, which works in connection with leading Jews in America and England, emphasizes the deplorable conditions in Russia, which it describes as worse than ever.

The report points out that the emigration of Jews to the United States was larger in 1910 than in any previous year and speaks of the difficulty of finding homes for the emigrants in America.

CAMORRISTS MAY GO FREE.

Rome Fears That Carbiners' Testimony May Be Weakened by Alibi.

Rome, March 25.—It is probable that several of the Camorristi who are on trial at Viterbo for the murder of Gennaro Cuccolo and his wife will succeed in the course of the trial in proving an alibi.

This creates alarm lest all the prisoners will soon acquit on the assumption that the establishment of an alibi in some cases will corroborate the charge that the evidence collected by the carabinieri is false and insufficient.

PUPILS' PARENTS INDIGNANT.

They Resist an Order of Newark Medical Inspector.

A circular issued by Dr. George J. Holmes, chief medical inspector of the Newark Board of Education, instructing the members of his staff how physical examinations of the pupils in the public schools shall be conducted, has caused indignation among the parents and teachers. Parents have refused to allow their children to be examined and in some cases the teachers interfered with the medical inspection.

The physician called after a considerable discussion at the last meeting of the committee on instruction and educational supplies Dr. Holmes brought the matter up of removing the clothing of pupils in order to make a physical examination and that it was decided that the matter be left to the supervisor. Continuing the order, he instructed hereafter to remove the clothing from the waist up, whenever possible, in conducting a physical examination. Should you meet with serious objection to this course on the part of any pupil, instead of trying to use force I would request the pupil to bring the mother to the school the next day or so as in her presence conduct the physical examination."

The circular was prepared by Dr. Holmes. It is said that groups of girls between the ages of 12 and 14 years have been taken out of the classrooms and examined in connection with the supervisor's orders.

The physician admitted yesterday that the plan did not turn out as well as he thought, but he added that he believed it an absolute necessity if the health and safety of the school children are to be safeguarded.

STEWART LOST OVERBOARD.

Tender Bumped the Mollie at Bermuda—Two Other Men Saved.

As the steamer *Mollie* of the Hamburg-American Line, which came into Port America, was leaving the dock in Bermuda on Thursday and the last of the passengers had been transferred from the tender, the tender swung around and hooked under the platform of the gangplank which connected the two boats. On the plank were Quartermaster Schreyer, Herman Johnson, a sailor, and John Wedekind, a steward.

The three men dropped into the water but Wedekind was the farthest away from the boat and could not reach the ropes which First Officer Alois Heisler, who was on the tender, threw out. Second Officer Arno Mueller of the *Mollie* was sinking as the others were being drawn aboard. Without taking off any clothing he dived thirty feet into the water, but Wedekind had gone under.

More ropes and lifebuoys were thrown out but the steward did not come to the surface. Wedekind, a committee consisting of Henry J. Heyestek of Grand Rapids, Mich., and A. G. Helm of Brooklyn were selected by the passengers to take charge of the rescue. They found Wedekind drowned. They got \$1,421, which will be forwarded to Wedekind's widow and six children in Hamburg. A testimonial fund for Wedekind's family for his brave efforts to rescue the steward.

GAYNOR SPEAKS FOR MORSE.

U. S. Prisoner Just Released Says Ex-Bank-er Should Be Free.

ATLANTA, March 25.—"Charles W. Morse ought to be released," said John F. Gaynor, who was freed from the United States penitentiary yesterday, as he was leaving for Syracuse, N. Y., to-day, accompanied by his son.

"Morse is a gentleman and a powerful man," said Gaynor. "He is too useful a man to leave cooped up in jail. I came in contact with him every day and because of his humane and kind nature, he should have his sentence commuted. He should be pardoned absolutely, and that soon. I told Mrs. Morse I thought the strain of prison life was beginning to tell on him. I am confident that his wife's efforts will be rewarded and that her husband will be returned to her."

OBITUARY.

Charles B. Reed, a contracting privet, died suddenly yesterday at his apartment in the Sterling 28 West 46th street. Mr. Reed was 55 years old. He was born in Virginia and received a common school education in New York. He was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life, and went into the printing business. For many years he handled all the printing of the *Evening Post*. During the last few years of his life he was an invalid. The death of Mr. Reed last month completely broke up his family. He has been associated with his wife in his literary and civic works, and was a supporter of the suffrage movement and the Women's Health Protection League. No children or near relatives survive Mr. Reed.

Harris Smith Haxthorne, 70 years old, is dead at Hooisick Falls, N. Y. He served in the Civil War and in April, 1865, he was recommended to the commanding general for conspicuous bravery in view of which he was promoted to the rank of major. He was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life, and was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life, and was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life.

James J. Tambine, a patrolman of the New York aqueduct police, stationed at the aqueduct in Hooisick Falls, died at that place yesterday. He was on duty at that place when he came in and received a fatal wound. He was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life, and was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life.

Miss Mary Joslin, a native of Troy, died Friday night in Amsterdam, N. Y., at the residence of her son, Mr. Joslin. She was 82 years old and had been ailing for some time. She was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life, and was a member of the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows in life.

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HUDSON COUNTY RESENTS

DEMOCRATS WANT TO DO THEIR OWN HOUSECLEANING.

Many prominent Hudson county Democrats do not take kindly to the proposition that the Republican State Senate shall adopt a resolution at Trenton to-morrow night providing for the appointment of a special committee of three probers with power to visit Democratic Hudson county for the purpose of investigating the Board of Freeholders and the office of County Collector Stephen M. Egan, whose financial dealings with the late Robert Davis, Democratic leader for nearly twenty years, have caused the people of the township municipalities in the county to sit up and take notice.

State Senator James F. Fielder, Democrat, of Hudson county opposes the idea of a Republican Senate committee digging into affairs of Democratic officials and will use his influence to defeat the resolution if it is introduced. He says he believes the county is able to take care of its own housecleaning.

County Counsel John Griffin said yesterday that he will advise the Board of Freeholders at a special meeting to be held during the week to adopt a resolution authorizing the men to apply to Supreme Court Justice Francis J. Swayze for an order providing for a judicial investigation of the county's affairs.

"I am sure," said Mr. Griffin, "that the Freeholders will adopt the resolution. We are in favor of a thorough housecleaning from top to bottom, if one is needed, but we want an absolutely fair and square deal and this will be guaranteed by a judicial investigation, similar in character to the one that Justice Swayze is now conducting as to the cost of constructing and furnishing the new county court house. Investigations by special legislative committees are sometimes very partisan. The committees investigate what and whom they please, and those under inquiry cannot cross-examine or produce witnesses. In a judicial inquiry both sides are heard. When the Bradley Senate committee came to Hudson county five years ago it failed to find anything wrong."

Mr. Griffin said that as the result of the recent disclosures in Hudson county he has drawn and presented to Senator Fielder a proposed act providing that the Justices of the Supreme Court in the several circuits of the State shall appoint experts, who shall at least once a year examine the books and accounts in all county and municipal offices in order to determine just what the receipts and expenditures have been and whether or not appropriations have been exceeded. One report of the experts' findings, the bill provides, shall be filed with the County Clerk for public inspection and the other with the county clerk.

Mr. Griffin said that he has given Senator Fielder a second bill providing that the county collectors throughout the State shall deposit all county funds in banks in the name of the counties and not in the names of the county collectors and that withdrawals shall be made only on warrants signed by the directors and clerks of the Boards of Freeholders and countersigned by the county collector.

The financial dealings which the county collector had with the late Robert Davis have focused public attention on the fact that Egan banked the county's millions in his own name and was able to lend many thousands of dollars to the Democratic leader as a personal favor without interest on the security of promissory notes endorsed by Davis's son, Robert Davis, Jr., and George W. Henry, Davis's right hand man in the management of the Jersey City Supply Company.

Samuel Ludlow, president of the Union Trust Company of New Jersey, said yesterday that he could not understand why \$50,000 in notes given by Davis and his son Robert Davis, Jr., to the county collector Egan had been made payable on demand at the Union Trust Company's bank.

"The late Robert Davis never maintained an account with this institution," he said, "and neither has his son since the Union Trust Company was organized."

Davis had an account at the First National Bank and so had the Jersey City Supply Company. County Collector Egan has for years banked county funds here. The books of the bank, it is said, did not show any records of loans made by Egan to Davis. It is common talk that checks in favor of the Jersey City Supply Company figured in certain money-advanced to Davis.

Lawyer James B. Bowen, counsel for Mrs. Annie Toppin Davis, the dead leader's third wife, asserted that every dollar in the estate will have to be accounted for. Robert Davis, Jr., as administrator of the estate with himself will come up in the Orphans' Court on April 12. Mrs. Davis wants to be the sole administrator, but District Court Judge Charles L. Carr, chairman of the citizens' committee which secured the court order for a new county collector, said that the late Robert Davis had been a member of the Citizens' Committee for the Reform of the Government of Jersey City, and that he had been a member of the Citizens' Committee for the Reform of the Government of Jersey City.

Great Sale of Cut Glass, 99c to \$1.99.

Frost King Refrigerators, \$3.99.

Cabinet Sewing Machines, \$17.50.

Near Silk Shantings, 29c.

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ALL CARS TRANSFER TO

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We were never better prepared to demonstrate the excellence of Bloomingdale's Gloves, while these quotations are eloquent of the pre-Easter values now prevailing here.

Women's \$1 Silk Mosquitieres—Pure silk mosquitoier gloves, the production of a maker of established reputation; double finger tips; 55c

Women's 2-Clasp \$8c Kid Gloves—Made from selected skins. Every pair guaranteed. All sizes in black or white. Bloomingdale price, 59c

Women's Dollar Kid Gloves—Compare all other dollar gloves with this Bloomingdale standard to fully appreciate its merits. 2-clasp pearl suede and 2-clasp glace kid, with Paris point embroidery. Variety styles and colors at this price. Also black and white. Price, pair \$1.00

New Elbow Length Kid Gloves—Women's glove kid gloves, elbow length, identical the same as the \$2.25 goods of the exclusive glove shops. Furnished in black or white. Make your preparations for Easter now. Price, pair \$1.59

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Dainty, hand made Laces from the Emerald Isle, Edgings, Insertions, Bands, Allovers, Medallions, &c. We cannot describe them all, but mention a few of the most notable examples:

30c Real Irish Narrow Lace 25c

1-1/2 Laces Edges and In-80c

Real Hand Made Irish Lace-80c

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Most important sale of Oriental Rugs held in New York in years. You may read this partial list of offerings with profit, as such advantages cannot be duplicated outside of Bloomingdale's. None to dealers—none on approval—none C. O. D. without a substantial deposit.

Value. Sale Price. Value. Sale Price.

\$210 Persian Mahals, 11,388.00, \$75

210 Persian Mahals, 10,788.33, 75

225 Persian Mahals, 11,888.33, 75

225 Persian Mahals